



Reception Phonics Meeting

Reading books throughout Reception



Children will learn to:

- Use a book correctly
 - Left/ right eye movements
 - Listening skills
 - Sound games
-
- Daily story times within class
 - 1- 1 reading with an adult



Reading books sent home throughout Reception



At the beginning of Reception, we send home lilac books

Lilac books – These books are given out at the beginning of Reception. Some are picture books and some have words.

- **Lilac picture books** – Make up your own story together. Discuss what is happening on each page.
- **Lilac books with words** – These are for the adult to read to the child.



Reading books throughout Reception



After lilac books, we send home **pink** books, followed by red and yellow books.

Pink books – These books match the sounds that the children are learning in class and focus on two and three letter words. Children can read these **independently** by sounding out and blending each word.

Red books– These books continue to match the sounds the children are learning in Phonics but become longer. These books have four and five letter words with more sight words. Towards the end of red level, the books include words that have two letters which make one sound. For example **ch, sh**.

Yellow books – These books follow on from red level and include more words that have two letters which make one sound and include words with three letters that make one sound. For example **th, ck, ng, qu, wh, tch**.





What is Phonics?

Phonics is a way of teaching children to read by skilfully decoding words.

We use the Sounds-Write programme in school.

This programme teaches children that:

- Letters are used to spell individual sounds (symbols for the sounds we make) What sound do you say for this?
- Each sound may be written in more than one way (c k ck -same sound, written differently)
- Many sounds may be written in more than one way (ai, ay, a_e)
- Many spellings represent more than one sound (ow – cow, ow – snow)

The programme focuses on three key skills:



- **Segmenting** (splitting a word up into its sounds)
- **Blending** (recognising the sounds in a word and putting them together)
- **Phoneme manipulation** (ability to change or move individual sounds in a word to make a new word)





Blending

Recognising letter sounds in a written word, saying each sound and blending them together in the order they are written to read the word.

m o p = mop
● ● ●

sh i p = ship
●



Segmenting

Identifying all the sounds in a word.

E.g. if a child hears the word 'log' they will learn to identify that the word 'log' has three sounds.

We refer to this as 'sound talk' or 'Metal Mike robot arms'.

log = l o g shop = sh o p





Phoneme Manipulation

Children have the ability to change or move individual sounds in a word to make a new word.

E.g. change the middle sound in 'cot'....

cot – cat – cap

tin – ten – tent



Sight words

A word that cannot be sounded out and must be learnt by sight.

E.g,

is, the, I, for, of, are, was, all, come, some, to

We will send home resources to support this learning in the children's reading logs.



The Initial Code



- To teach the sound linked to each letter of the alphabet e.g. 'a' for apple (not capital letters at this stage)
- To teach how to read simple CVC words (consonant, vowel, consonant) e.g. mat, pen, sit, dog, mug.

We order sounds are taught through the Sounds-Write programme:

Unit 1 – a i m s t

Unit 2 – n o p

Unit 3 – b c g h

Unit 4 – d e f v

Unit 5 – k l r u

Unit 6 – j w z

Unit 7 – x y ff ll ss zz





The Initial Code

As the programme progresses we then teach the children how to read.....

Unit 8 - CVCC words e.g. sink, lamp, milk etc

Unit 9 - CCVC words e.g. frog, crab, swim etc

Unit 10 - CCVCC words e.g. drink, frost crust etc

Unit 10 - CCCVC words e.g. strap, scrub, scrap etc

Unit 11 - Two letters can make one sound e.g. sh, ch, ng, th, wh, qu.





The Extended Code

By the end of Reception, some of the children will move on to learning the 'extended code'.

This teaches children that some words have the same sound but are spelt differently. E.g. the sound /ae/

day – ay

came – a_e

they – ey

great - ea

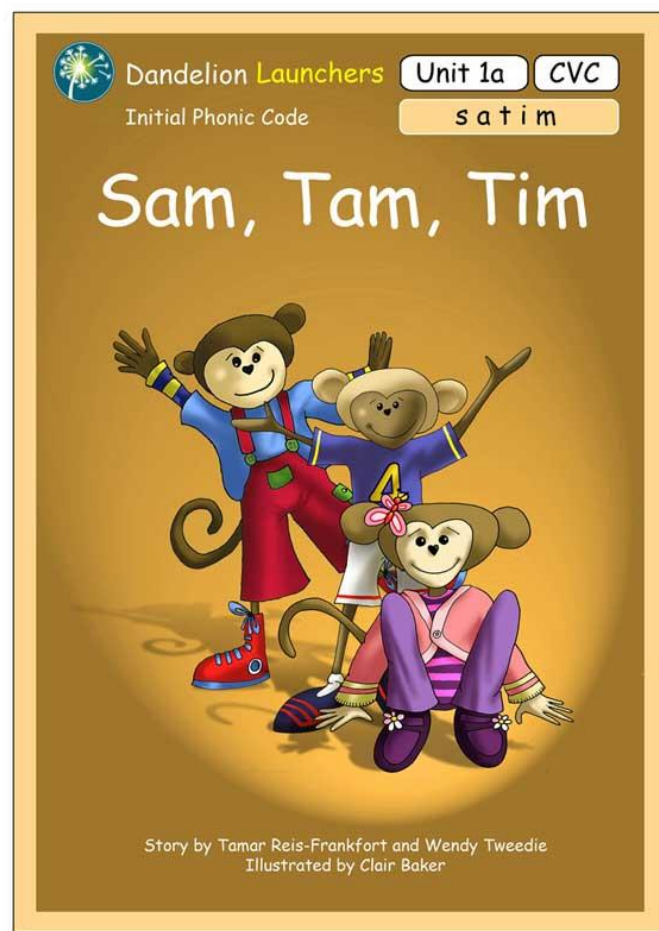


Phonics in the areas of learning



Reading books must match children's phonic skills.

They must build on prior learning.



BOOKS



Phonics in our daily routine

- The children have one taught Phonics session everyday from 9:10-9:30.
- In this session the children will be taught new sounds or sight words and will practise blending and segmenting words.
- They will also access appropriate activities to consolidate their new learning.
- Children are encouraged to use their phonics in all areas of the classroom. We have writing materials for children to use in all areas.



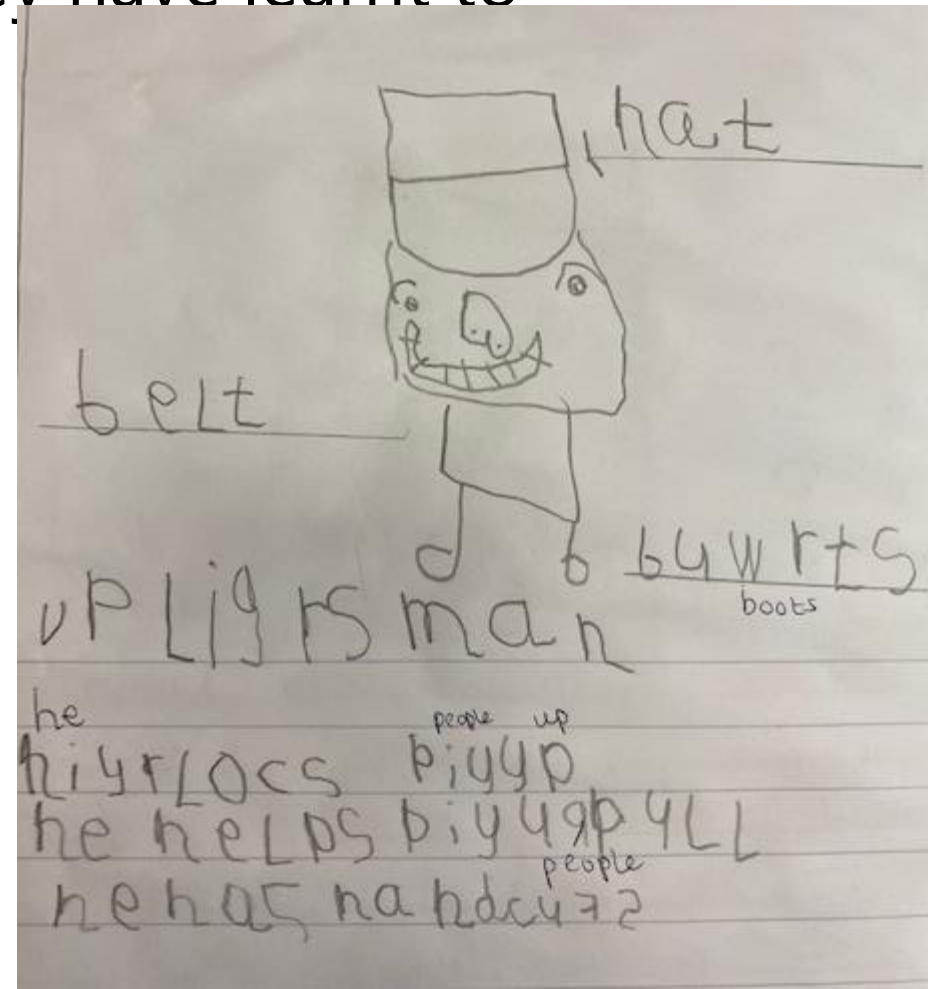
How this all applies to writing...



The children will use the phonic sounds they have learnt to write words and sentences. For example....

I can swim fast.

The ship is big.





Reading at home

Suggestions:

- Visit the library. Read a range of stories to your child. Ask questions to develop their understanding.
- Retelling stories, thinking about story sequence and language.
- Poems and rhymes.
- Non-fiction books, newspapers, magazines and recipes.
- Reading words in the environment: signs, posters, labels, packaging, on the computer etc.

Date	Book and page number	Comments
7/9/18	The little red hen	We shared the book and discussed pictures. (Mum)
10/9/18	The little red hen	We described the characters and talked about how they were feeling were feeling.
11.9	The Elves and the Shoemaker	We talked about the story tonight. Great story-telling. (Mum)
12.9	The Elves and the Shoemaker	Read pages 5-8 We thought the Elves were very kind Read with dad tonight (Dad)



Reading books



The children will bring home a reading book and reading record.

All children will bring home **picture books initially** – this is to develop the pre-reading skills we discussed earlier.

Books will be changed twice a week to begin with (Monday and Thursday)

Don't feel your child needs to read a whole book in one night.
We advise a few pages each night.

As the children are taught more sounds and words, the books will become longer.



Thank you

The Reception Team